## "Watch out behind you!"



#### Responder Safety on the Roadway





## Original Incident

- Ladder 2 and Squad 2 arrive at 1923 hrs.
- Squad 2 positioned behind initial crash (Car #1)
- Ladder 2 establishes a blocking position approximately 150 yards behind the Squad.
- Highway Patrol and City Police units still responding to the scene.

## Secondary Crashes

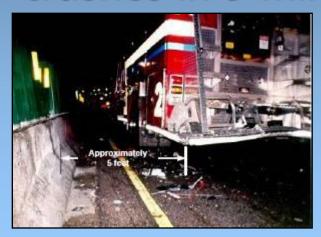
- At 1926 hrs Ladder 2 reports being struck from behind (Car #2)
- Ladder 2 personnel and one Squad 2 firefighter begin checking on injuries in the vehicle

## Secondary Crashes

- Ladder 2 is struck a third time (Car #4) within the next two minutes
- At 1932 hours the Assistant Chief and Squad 1 arrive on scene.

#### Aftermath of the Crashes

- 1 firefighter fatality
- 1 firefighter injured
- 2 civilians injured
- Four crashes in 9 min.

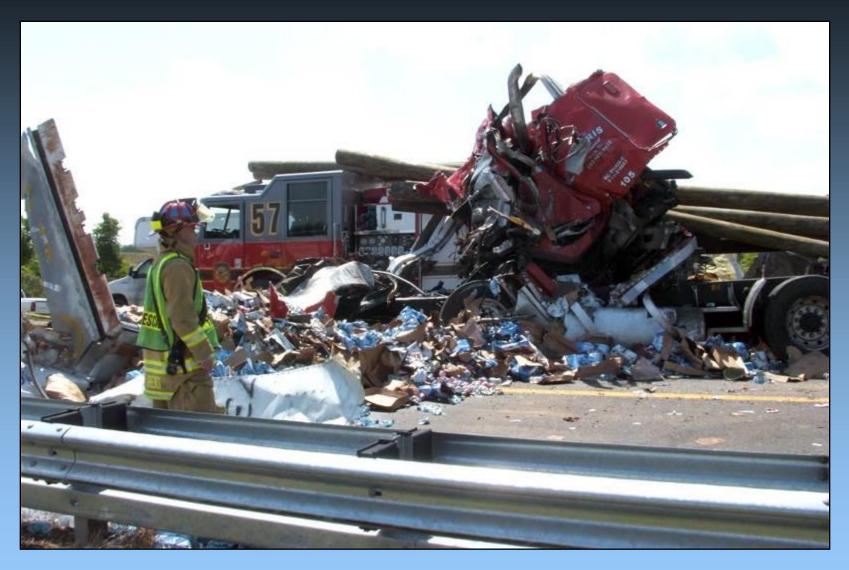














## Responder Safety

- Traffic speeds and congestion are continually increasing
- Responders are being struck by, and seriously injured or killed, by traffic at an alarming, and increasing rate
- There are many things that can be done to prevent these injuries and deaths

## Training

- Establish Policies and Procedures
- Initial Training
- Review Policies and Procedures
- Annual Refresher
- Table-top Exercises or Online Simulations

#### Policies and Procedures

- Follow Department guidelines to establish **Policies and Procedures**
- Components of a Policy
  - Terminology
  - Incident Command
  - Safety
  - Apparatus Placement
  - Operations High Volume and Limited Access roadways



## Multi-Agency Response

#### **Establish Partnerships:**

- Agencies and Services
- Capabilities
- Resources
- Common Practices







## Multi-Agency Response

- The Three C's
  - Communication
    - Prior to, during, and following the incident
  - Cooperation
    - Cooperation vs. Competition
  - Collaboration/Coordination
    - Collaboration before the incident
    - Coordination during the incident

# Every agency has a role to play in safety and incident stabilization

#### National Initiatives and Standards

#### National Unified Goal for Traffic Incident Management (TIM)

#### **Key Strategies:**

- 1. Standardized Responder Safety **Operational Procedures**
- 2. Accredited Traffic Safety Control Training for all TIM Responders
- 3. Responder Safety Policies and Legislation
- 4. Motorist Training and Awareness Programs

#### **National Unified Goal**

- Standardized Responder Safety **Operational Procedures** 
  - Traffic control at traffic incident scenes
  - High-visibility personal protective equipment
  - Incident command system
  - Temporary Traffic Control
  - Emergency lighting discipline

#### **National Unified Goal**

- Traffic Safety and Traffic Control Training for Responders
  - Multidisciplinary training for traffic incident responders
  - Specialized Training
    - Traffic safety awareness
    - Traffic control strategies and tactics

#### National Initiatives and Standards

- NFPA 1500
  - Traffic Incidents
    - Requires
      - Establishing and Implementing Polices and **Procedures**
      - Blocking with apparatus to protect responders
      - Use of Temporary Traffic Control Devices
      - Use of high visibility garments
      - Training



#### **Definitions**

Taper — the action of merging several lanes of moving traffic into fewer moving lanes



## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

#### ANSI high visibility vests

- ANSI 107
  - 107 breaks vests into three classes:
    - Class 3 Offers the greatest visibility to the wearer in complex backgrounds and through a full range of body movements

Class 3

- Class 2 Provides superior visibility to the wearer by additional coverage to the torso, and is more conspicuous than Class 1
- Class 1 Provides the minimum amount of required material to differentiate the wearer from the work environment



Class 2

## ANSI/ISEA Compliant Vests



ANSI/ISEA 107 - American National Standard FONDER for High-Visibility Public Safety Vests



ANSI/ISEA 207 - American National Standard for High-Visibility Safety Apparel and Headwear

## Public Safety Vests

- Provide access to equipment while worn
- Can be easily worn over firefighting PPE
- Optional breakaway safety feature

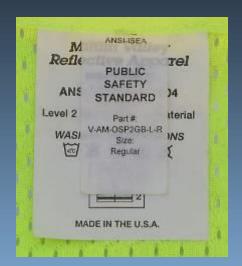








## Labeling









Label from older Class 3 vest Met requirements of ANSI/ISEA 107-1999

Use the most current version of ANSI and/or NFPA standards when ordering new PPE!

## Cone Deployment







#### Temporary Traffic Control (TTC)



- Warning signs used in the TTC
  - Fluorescent pink background
  - Black letters and border
- Signs should be positioned to provide maximum advanced warning to oncoming traffic

## Safety Benchmarks

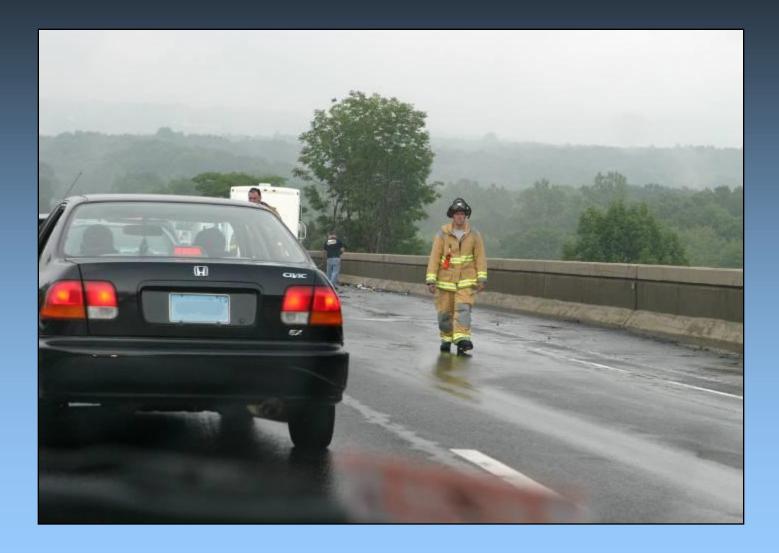
2. Never trust approaching traffic.

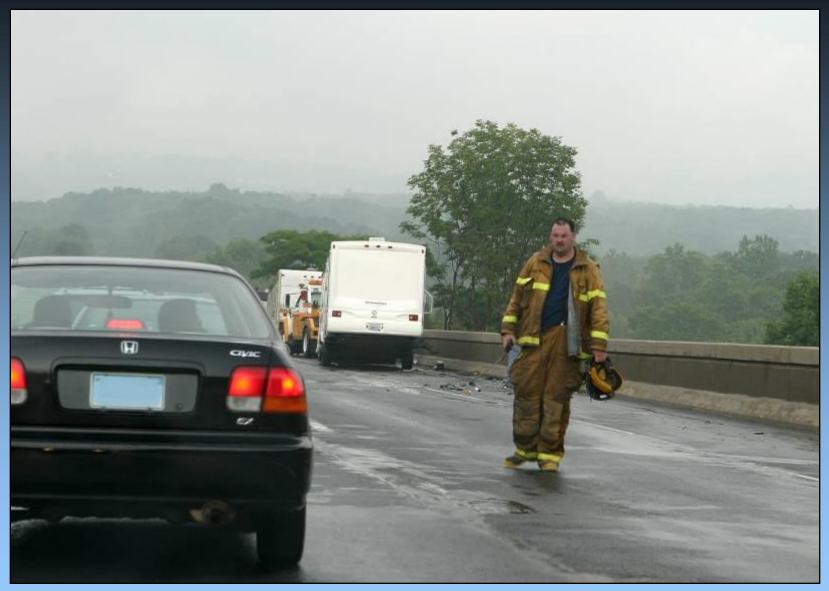




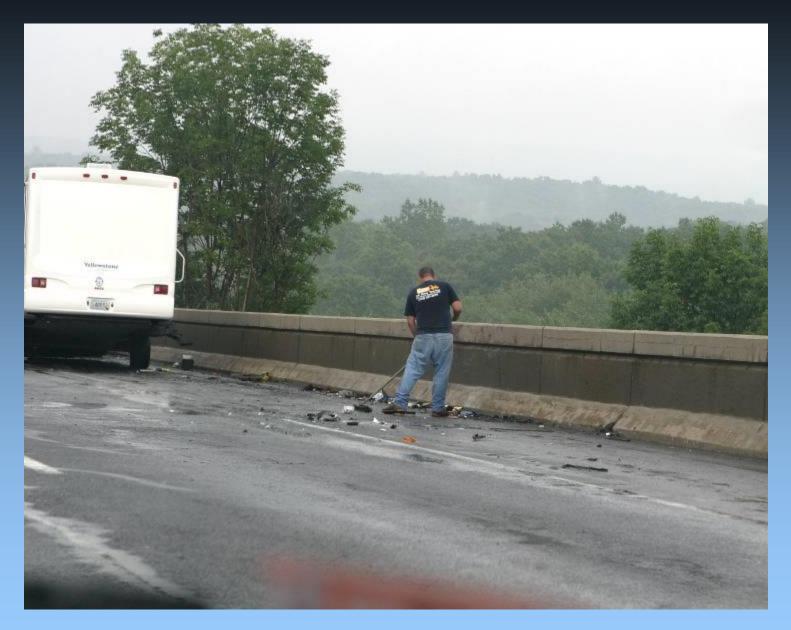
3. Avoid turning your back to approaching traffic.

### Evaluate the Scene





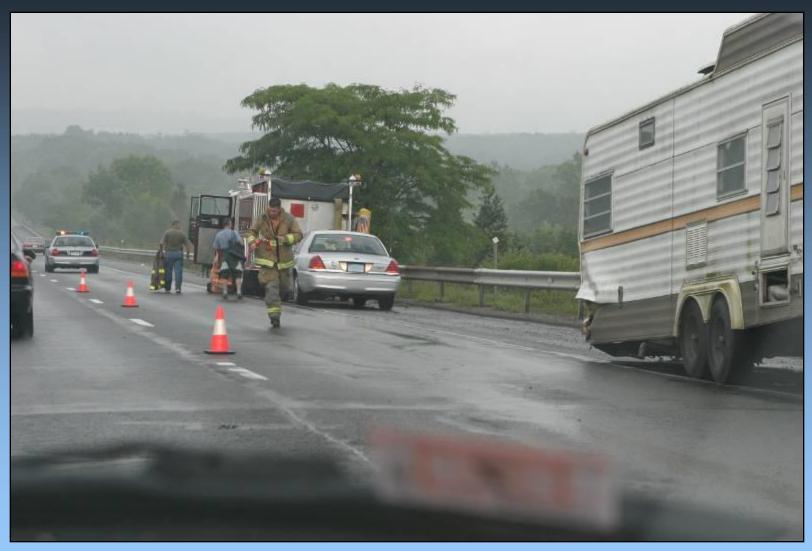


















## Tabletop Exercise

